



International Tax ADVISORY ■

JANUARY 15, 2021

Biden's International Tax Proposals – No Longer a Long Shot After Democrats Win in Georgia

After last November's presidential election, many of the Biden-Harris campaign's policy proposals looked like a long shot. Once the results came into focus after the marathon week that followed election night on November 4, the expectation by many was that the U.S. would face a divided Congress in 2021. With Republicans expected to control the Senate and Democrats controlling the House, it looked like the U.S. was in for (at least) two more years of congressional gridlock that would make it very difficult for the new Administration to move forward with any of its policy objectives.

The results of last week's Senate runoff election in Georgia turned that expectation on its head when the state's two traditionally conservative Senate seats went to Democratic candidates Raphael Warnock and Jon Ossoff. These wins cemented the Democrats' control of the Senate, which is now split 50–50 with Kamala Harris breaking the tie once she is sworn in as Vice President.

The narrow split in the Senate means that President-elect Biden's policy proposals have a higher likelihood of becoming law. While proposals that seek to increase taxes will be subject to heightened scrutiny by moderate lawmakers, particularly in light of the current economic uncertainty related to the COVID-19 pandemic, Democratic control of both chambers means they cannot be dismissed. In light of this development, many taxpayers are taking a hard look at the cross-border implications of Biden's tax proposals.

The broadest reaching proposals of Biden's tax plan are increases in the corporate tax rate and the capital gain tax rates for individuals. Biden's plan proposes to raise the tax rate for corporations from 21% to 28% and the top individual rate from 37% to 39.6%. He would also introduce a 15% minimum tax on book income of corporations with at least \$100 million in net income. Further, Biden's plan would repeal the preferential capital gains tax rate for taxpayers earning over \$1 million in income. Instead, capital gains and qualified dividends for such taxpayers would be taxed at the top ordinary rate of 39.6%.

This advisory is published by Alston & Bird LLP to provide a summary of significant developments to our clients and friends. It is intended to be informational and does not constitute legal advice regarding any specific situation. This material may also be considered attorney advertising under court rules of certain jurisdictions.

Biden's plan also proposes to double the global intangible low-taxed income (GILTI) tax rate, raising it from 10.5% to 21%. Changes to the corporate tax rate would bump the high-tax exception to around 25%. An increase in the high-tax exception would bring more income under the GILTI regime at a higher rate, reflecting a higher cost to taxpayers. Additionally, Biden's plan would eliminate the GILTI exemption for deemed returns of 10% of qualified business asset investment and would require GILTI to be computed on a country-by-country basis.

As an incentive to create and repatriate manufacturing jobs, Biden's plan includes a made-in-America tax credit of 10% for businesses that invest in U.S. manufacturing facilities, bring manufacturing or service jobs back to the U.S., or create such U.S. jobs. This is coupled with a 10% surtax on corporations that offshore manufacturing and service jobs to sell goods or services to the U.S. market.

Like any good political campaign, the Biden-Harris team painted many of its policy positions in broad strokes and, as a result, many of the details are still to come. However, these proposals should not be dismissed. Just this week, Senator Ron Wyden (D-OR), the incoming chair of the Senate Finance Committee, announced that he would move forward on legislation to implement some of the key elements of Biden's proposals. As a result, taxpayers should remain attentive to developments and begin considering the broad implications of these proposals.

For more information, please contact [Scott Harty](#) at 404.881.7867 or [April McLeod](#) at 212.210.9487.

You can subscribe to future *International Tax* advisories and other Alston & Bird publications by completing our [publications subscription form](#).

If you have any questions or would like additional information, please contact your Alston & Bird attorney or any of the following:

International Tax Group

John F. Baron
Chair
704.444.1434
john.baron@alston.com

George B. Abney
404.881.7980
george.abney@alston.com

Jasper L. Cummings, Jr.
919.862.2302
jack.cummings@alston.com

Sam K. Kaywood, Jr.
404.881.7481
sam.kaywood@alston.com

Heather Ripley
212.210.9549
heather.ripley@alston.com

John F. Baron
704.444.1434
john.baron@alston.com

Laura L. Gavioli
212.210.9432
214.922.3580
laura.gavioli@alston.com

Clay A. Littlefield
704.444.144
clay.littlefield@alston.com

Richard L. Slowinski
202.239.3231
richard.slowinski@alston.com

Henry J. Birnkrant
202.239.3319
henry.birnkrant@alston.com

Scott Harty
404.881.7867
scott.harty@alston.com

April McLeod
212.210.9487
april.mcleod@alston.com

Edward Tanenbaum
212.210.9425
edward.tanenbaum@alston.com

Seth M. Buchwald
404.881.7836
seth.buchwald@alston.com

Brian D. Harvel
404.881.4491
brian.harvel@alston.com

Ashley B. Menser
919.862.2209
ashley.menser@alston.com

Shawna Tunnell
202.239.3040
shawna.tunnell@alston.com

James E. Croker, Jr.
202.239.3309
jim.croker@alston.com

Stefanie Kavanagh
202.239.3914
stefanie.kavanagh@alston.com

Daniel M. Reach
704.444.1272
danny.reach@alston.com

ALSTON & BIRD

WWW.ALSTON.COM

© ALSTON & BIRD LLP 2021

ATLANTA: One Atlantic Center ■ 1201 West Peachtree Street ■ Atlanta, Georgia, USA, 30309-3424 ■ 404.881.7000 ■ Fax: 404.881.7777
BEIJING: Hanwei Plaza West Wing ■ Suite 21B2 ■ No. 7 Guanghua Road ■ Chaoyang District ■ Beijing, 100004 CN ■ +86.10.85927500
BRUSSELS: Level 20 Bastion Tower ■ Place du Champ de Mars ■ B-1050 Brussels, BE ■ +32 2 550 3700 ■ Fax: +32 2 550 3719
CHARLOTTE: One South at The Plaza ■ 101 South Tryon Street ■ Suite 4000 ■ Charlotte, North Carolina, USA, 28280-4000 ■ 704.444.1000 ■ Fax: 704.444.1111
DALLAS: Chase Tower ■ 2200 Ross Avenue ■ Suite 2300 ■ Dallas, Texas, USA, 75201 ■ 214.922.3400 ■ Fax: 214.922.3899
FORT WORTH: 3700 Hulen Street ■ Building 3 ■ Suite 150 ■ Fort Worth, Texas, USA, 76107 ■ 214.922.3400 ■ Fax: 214.922.3899
LONDON: 5th Floor ■ Octagon Point, St. Paul's ■ 5 Cheapside ■ London, EC2V 6AA, UK ■ +44.0.20.3823.2225
LOS ANGELES: 333 South Hope Street ■ 16th Floor ■ Los Angeles, California, USA, 90071-3004 ■ 213.576.1000 ■ Fax: 213.576.1100
NEW YORK: 90 Park Avenue ■ 15th Floor ■ New York, New York, USA, 10016-1387 ■ 212.210.9400 ■ Fax: 212.210.9444
RALEIGH: 555 Fayetteville Street ■ Suite 600 ■ Raleigh, North Carolina, USA, 27601-3034 ■ 919.862.2200 ■ Fax: 919.862.2260
SAN FRANCISCO: 560 Mission Street ■ Suite 2100 ■ San Francisco, California, USA, 94105-0912 ■ 415.243.1000 ■ Fax: 415.243.1001
SILICON VALLEY: 1950 University Avenue ■ Suite 430 ■ East Palo Alto, California, USA 94303 ■ 650.838.2000 ■ Fax: 650.838.2001
WASHINGTON, DC: The Atlantic Building ■ 950 F Street, NW ■ Washington, DC, USA, 20004-1404 ■ 202.239.3300 ■ Fax: 202.239.3333